



1. Secularisation: is religion in decline?
2. Families and households -changing structure
3. Effects of the mass media
4. Is class dead?
5. Choice of research method
6. What is synopticity?
7. Social differences in health
8. Educational success - explaining the differences
9. Families and households - changing roles
10. Identity - where does it come from?
11. Education policies since 1944
12. Political parties and pressure groups: is UK politics dead?
13. Can sociology be a science?
14. What causes poverty?
15. ASBOs - do they make a difference?



16. Life chances
17. The growth of alternative and complementary medicines
18. Emergence of new religious movements
19. Patterns of crime
20. Doing social research
21. Wealth and income distributions – is there still a North/South divide?
22. Crime statistics
23. Suicide
24. The significance of gender, class and ethnicity for contemporary Youth
25. Contemporary workplace inequalities
26. The changing nature of jobs
27. Asylum seekers
28. Globalisation - the changing character of contemporary social life
29. Using different theories to explain different topics
30. Voting behaviour



31. Migrant workers in the UK labour market
32. Youth subcultures
33. How and why do sociologists use questionnaires?
34. Is there too much violence in the media?
35. Poverty in Britain
36. Decline of the family?
37. The widening gap between rich and poor
38. Sociological research: secondary and primary data
39. Patterns & trends in wealth & income distribution
40. Who provides welfare?
41. Nature and distribution of mental illness
42. The use of quantitative and qualitative data collection methods in sociology
43. Role and purpose of education
44. Differences in the leisure patterns of different social groups
45. Religion and social change



46. Social policy and education
47. Are Standard Assessment Tests (SAT's) a good measure of a child's educational ability?
48. Social policy and the family
49. Sampling techniques in sociological research
50. Research and education
51. Causes and effects of unemployment
52. Positivism -v- interpretivism
53. The role of religion in society
54. The underclass
55. Triangulation
56. Recent government policies and the family
57. Social construction of the news
58. The relationship between ownership and the mass media
59. Sociological research and education
60. Qualitative research



61. Sociological research and crime and deviance
62. Quantitative research
63. Education and the economy
64. Participant observation 1 : covert participant observation
65. Parentocracy
66. Why do men live longer in Guildford than in Glasgow?
67. Participant observation 2 : overt participant observation
68. Social construction of childhood
69. The changing pattern of conjugal roles
70. Why do single sex schools outperform?
71. Poverty - The problems in defining & measuring poverty
72. What are the problems sociologists may face when using experiments in their research?
73. Is conflict at work an inevitable feature of capitalism?
74. Sociological explanations for the existence of the underclass in contemporary UK
75. Teenage Pregnancy: Is advertising contraception the answer?



76. Use of questionnaires in sociology
77. What is postmodernism?
78. What are the advantages and disadvantages of using the Internet?
79. 800 million starving: sociologists' perspectives
80. Are women more susceptible to mental illness than men?
81. The contribution of Interactionist views to our understanding of identity
82. Pupil sub-cultures in schools
83. Functionalism: understanding aspects of contemporary society
84. The use of content analysis by sociologists
85. What is the relationship between deviance and other areas of society?
86. Role of medicine and the medical profession
87. The usefulness of conflict theories in understanding society
88. Conflict at work
89. Roles of pressure groups and interest groups
90. The role of the criminal justice system in social control and prevention



91. Assess the impact of state policies and laws on family life.
92. Health and sociological research
93. The ethics of social research
94. Does the media present stereotypical images of males and females?
95. How identity is shaped by social class, disability, sexuality and age
96. The usefulness of interviews in sociological research
97. Social construction of Health and Illness
98. The role of the mass media in reinforcing national identity
99. The changing of communities
100. The contribution of feminist theorists to our understanding of society today
101. How does pupils' experience of school differ according to their ethnicity?
102. Is it possible to define what is meant by Britishness in contemporary UK?
103. Sociological explanations of gender differences in health chances and health care
104. The impact of global culture on the construction of identities
105. The usefulness of secondary sources in sociological research



106. Reasons for, and the consequences of, the decline in the death rate since 1900
107. Social class and higher education
108. The use of personal documents and historical documents in sociological research
109. The relationship between crime and the mass media
110. Research methods in context
111. Has the modern family become more child-centred?
112. Linking theories and methods
113. Consumer culture and youth crime
114. The influence of cultural deprivation on educational achievement
115. Who owns the media?
116. Has the welfare state abolished poverty?
117. Sociological perspectives about the role and functions of religion in society today
118. Use of postal questionnaires in sociological research
119. The role of political parties in the political process today
120. The effects of mass media on popular culture





121. Are interpretivist methods the most appropriate methods for researching society?
122. New social classes?
123. The increase in single person households
124. Working parents
125. Gender and white-collar crime
126. Factors affecting sociologists' choice of research methods
127. How globalisation has changed the role of the media over the past 20 years
128. Sociology can be and should be value free
129. Assess the value of the functionalist theory of stratification in understanding social inequality
130. Schools and social mobility
131. Are leisure choices still affected by social class?
132. Are women still oppressed by religion?
133. Role of the mass media in the political process
134. Reasons for gender differences in subject choice
135. Usefulness of the interactionist contributions to our understanding of mental health



136. How religiosity is related to age
137. The contribution of functionalist sociologists to our understanding of the family
138. Growth and Increasing diversity of the new media on society today
139. The role of different agencies of socialisation
140. The view that the mass media are helping to create a single global culture
141. Factors affecting life chances
142. Representation of different groups by the mass media
143. Use of case studies in sociological research
144. Ethnic differences in the use of health care services
145. Youth deviance is a response to labelling
146. Reasons for divorce in contemporary UK
147. Functionalist explanations of crime and deviance
148. New right views on family diversity
149. Recent educational policies have increased diversity and choice
150. The mass media do not control their consumers, the consumers control the media



151. Child Poverty in the UK
152. Voting in 2015 – is there evidence of traditional voting patterns?
153. Is there a link between violence and anti-social behaviour and the media?
154. Violence in Schools
155. The contribution of Marxism to our understanding of society
156. Fundamentalism
157. Migration and the UK population
158. The Social Construction of Official Statistics
159. The representation of gender in the media is changing
160. Green Crime
161. Free Schools
162. Is Religion a Conservative Force?
163. Is the education system meritocratic in contemporary UK?
164. The contribution of social action theories to our understanding of society
165. Deviant subcultures



166. The Kendal Project
167. The 70 Year Study: How This Study Has Contributed to our Understanding of Society
168. Why Does the Gender Pay Gap Still Exist?
169. The EU Referendum
170. The Decline of Television
171. The Underachievement of Boys
172. British Asians and Family Structure
173. Young People and Politics in Britain
174. The Ageing Population of Britain
175. Teenage Identities and Social Media
176. Does Sociology Need Statistics?
177. Higher Standards in Education?
178. New Research on the Family
179. Surveillance of Contemporary Culture
180. Cybercrime



181. Cultural Deprivation and Education Attainment
182. News Construction in View of Both Brexit and Donald Trump
183. The Class of 2010 Project
184. New Beliefs in a Secular Society
185. Becoming a Health Statistic
186. Civil Partnerships and Changing Family Relationships
187. Education and the White Working Class
188. How Social Experience Can Be Shaped by Age
189. How the Media Can Give a Distorted View of Crime
190. Objectivity and Subjectivity
191. Medical Tourism
192. Multicultural Education in the UK
193. The Significance of Work in People's Lives and Life Chances
194. Leisure and Consumption
195. State Crimes



196. Methods in Context
197. The Hidden Curriculum
198. Grenfell Tower - Social Class
199. Is Social Media the New News Media?
200. Theoretical Approaches to Identity
201. Divorce and the Elderly
202. Longitudinal Studies
203. The Distribution of Poverty in Contemporary UK
204. Changing Gender Identities
205. Women on Screen
206. Ageing Population and Childcare
207. Can Sociological Perspectives Explain Radicalisation?
208. Disability and Media Representation
209. The Effect of Globalisation on Social Identity in the UK
210. Trial by Twitter



211. Hate Crimes
212. Using Contemporary Examples in Sociology Answers
213. Cultural Capital in Education
214. How Ethnicity Shapes Identity
215. Theories of Stratification
216. Grammar School Education in Britain Today
217. Life Expectancy
218. Reliability and Validity
219. Women in Politics
220. YouTube and Global Popular Culture
221. Are There Still Boys' Jobs and Girls' Jobs in Modern British Homes?
222. Rise of Atheism in Britain Today
223. Social Construction of Crime and Deviance
224. Brexit – Where Are We Now?
225. Changing Patterns of Work and Gender Identity



226. Young People and Knife Crime
227. Food Banks
228. Education in Prison
229. Moral Panics and The Media in Contemporary Society
230. The Growth of Veganism
231. Institutional Racism within the Education System
232. Living Apart Together
233. Using Observations in Sociological Research
234. Social Media and Mental Health
235. The Process of Socialisation in Identity
236. Women in Sport
237. Home Schooling
238. Interactionist Theories of Crime and Deviance
239. Postmodernism – How Do Postmodernist Ideas Explain Different Topics Within Sociology?
240. Social Class and Access to Healthcare in Contemporary Society